

NATCHITOCHE PARISH HOSPITAL
Delineation of Staff Privileges
Podiatry

PRIVILEGES

_____ Admission of patients to inpatient services

LEVEL I: To be eligible for privileges in this category, the applicant must be board certified or board eligible by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery, or may be considered for privileges if he has completed a two-year residency program approved by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery. Includes procedures commonly done under local anesthesia. By checking any procedure in this category the applicant indicates two things: 1. That he had instruction in performing the procedure and is familiar with potential complications and their management; and 2. That he expects to be doing the procedure sufficiently often in his practice to be able to maintain a reasonable level of competence.

	<u>REQUESTED</u>	<u>GRANTED</u>	<u>DENIED</u>
Biopsy, diagnostic or excision of superficial skin lesions	_____	_____	_____
Excision of skin lesions, superficial soft tissue neoplasm, verrucae, nevi, etc.	_____	_____	_____
Reduction, fracture, simple, digital Incision and drainage of abscesses skin, subcutaneous or paronychia	_____	_____	_____
Nail surgery: Excision of ingrown nail including surgical destruction of the nail matrix section. Total avulsion of diseased, deformed or injured toenail plate, with or without permanent matrix destruction	_____	_____	_____

LEVEL II:

To be eligible for privileges in this category, the applicant must be board certified and board eligible by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery, or may be considered for privileges if he has completed a two-year residency program approved by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery and can document at least ten cases of each class of procedure checked. Furthermore, when applying for privileges on the basis of documented experience, the applicant must have two different members of the Surgery Committee or physicians designated by the Surgery Committee observe the first two procedures of each category checked. The observers must certify, in writing, that the applicant's technique and competence matches the standard of practice in existence in the community before final approval is granted.

Digital Surgery: Hammertoe procedures, arthroplasties, metatarsophalangeal joint capsulotomies. Wire or other forms of internal fixation may be used.

Tendon Surgery: Including tenotomy, lengthening or shortening of digital tendon transpositions or rerouting.

Hallux Valgus (bunion) Surgery: Simple bunion surgeries including Silver or McBride type procedures

Metatarsal Surgery: Metatarsal neck osteotomy, osteoplasty or condylectomy, partial or total head resection.

Ostectomy Procedures: Of exostoses to the level, and including, the cuneometatarsal joints, or excision of accessory bones or ossicles to the same level.

Soft Tissue Procedure: Excision of soft tissue tumors of forefoot, i.e., ganglion neuroma, or soft tissue masses to the level, and including, the cuneometatarsal joints. Removal of foreign bodies of the foot, uncomplicated.

Arthrodesis Procedures: Shall be limited to the interphalangeal joints of the digits.

LEVEL III: To be eligible for privileges in this category, the applicant must be board certified or board eligible by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery, or may be considered for privileges if the applicant has completed a two-year residency program approved by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery and can document at least 35 cases of each class of procedure checked. Furthermore, when applying for privileges on the basis of documented experience, the applicant must have two different members of the Surgery Committee or physicians designated by the Surgery Committee observe the first two procedures of each category checked. The observers must certify, in writing, that the applicant's technique and competence matched the standard of practice in existence in the community before final approval for the procedure is granted.

Hallux Valgus Surgery: All osteotomy procedures involving the first metatarsal may be performed (Reverdin, Lapidus, Austin, angulation base osteotomy)

Joint Implants (hemi or total)
Metatarsal phalangeal

Metatarsal Surgery: Metatarsal base osteotomies or angulation procedures with internal fixation

Tendon Surgery: Includes rerouting or transposition of the digital tendons and repair of tendon lacerations of the forefoot.

Ostectomy Procedures: Excision of accessory bones in the forefoot including arthroplasty or arthrotomy of the involved forefoot joint.

Soft Tissue Procedures: Excision of soft tissue tumors of the foot, superficial and deep, including plantar fibromatosis. Removal of foreign bodies, complicated.

Incision and Drainage Abscesses:
Incision and drainage of deep soft tissue abscesses of the foot.

Digital Amputation

Arthrodesis Procedures: Using Internal fixation of the foot to the level of the tarsometatarsal joint.

Bone grafting

I am mentally and physically capable of performing the privileges in which I am requesting:

Applicant's Signature

Date